| 1      | H. B. 3147   |        |
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| 2      |  |        |
| 3<br>4 | (By Delegates Miley, Hunt, Michael, Manchin,<br>Kominar, Poore and Moore)                |        |
| 5      | [Introduced February 15, 2011; referred to the   |        |
| 6      | Committee on the Judiciary then Finance.]  |        |
| 7      |  | FISCAL |
| 8      |  | NOTE   |
| 9      |  |        |
| 10     | A BILL to amend and reenact $\$50\mathchar`-1\mathchar`-3$ of the Code of West Virginia, |        |
| 11     | 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §51-1-10a of said code;                           |        |
| 12     | to amend and reenact $\$51-2-13$ of said code; and to amend and                          |        |
| 13     | reenact $\$51-2A-6$ of said code, all relating generally to the                          |        |
| 14     | salaries of supreme court justices, circuit court judges,                                |        |
| 15     | family court judges and magistrates.   |        |
| 16     | Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:                                       |        |
| 17     | That §50-1-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,                             |        |
| 18     | be amended and reenacted; that §51-1-10a of said code be amended                         |        |
| 19     | and reenacted; that $\$51-2-13$ of said code be amended and reenacted                    |        |
| 20     | and that $\$51-2A-6$ of said code be amended and reenacted, all to                       |        |
| 21     | read as follows:   |        |
| 22     | CHAPTER 50. MAGISTRATE COURTS.   |        |
| 23     | §50-1-3. Salaries of magistrates.  |        |

24 (a) The Legislature finds and declares that:

(1) The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals has held that
 a salary system for magistrates which is based upon the population
 that each magistrate serves does not violate the equal protection
 clause of the Constitution of the United States;

5 (2) The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals has held that 6 a salary system for magistrates which is based upon the population 7 that each magistrate serves does not violate section thirty-nine, 8 article VI of the Constitution of West Virginia;

9 (3) The utilization of a two-tiered salary schedule for 10 magistrates is an equitable and rational manner by which 11 magistrates should be compensated for work performed;

12 (4) Organizing the two tiers of the salary schedule into one 13 tier for magistrates serving less than eight thousand four hundred 14 in population and the second tier for magistrates serving eight 15 thousand four hundred or more in population is rational and 16 equitable given current statistical information relating to 17 population and caseload; and

18 (5) That all magistrates who fall under the same tier should 19 be compensated equally.

(b) The salary of each magistrate shall be paid by the state. Magistrates who serve fewer than eight thousand four hundred in population shall be paid annual salaries of thirty thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars and magistrates who serve eight thousand four hundred or more in population shall be paid annual

1 salaries of thirty-seven thousand dollars: Provided, That on and 2 after the first day of July, two thousand three, magistrates who 3 serve fewer than eight thousand four hundred in population shall be 4 paid annual salaries of thirty-three thousand six hundred 5 twenty-five dollars and magistrates who serve eight thousand four 6 hundred or more in population shall be paid annual salaries of 7 forty thousand dollars: Provided, however, That on and after the 8 first day of July, two thousand five, magistrates who serve fewer 9 than eight thousand four hundred in population shall be paid annual 10 salaries of forty-three thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars 11 and magistrates who serve eight thousand four hundred or more in 12 population shall be paid annual salaries of fifty thousand dollars. 13 (c) For the purpose of determining the population served by 14 each magistrate, the number of magistrates authorized for each 15 county shall be divided into the population of each county. For the 16 purpose of this article, the population of each county is the 17 population as determined by the last preceding decennial census 18 taken under the authority of the United States government.

The Legislature finds and declares that all magistrates should be compensated equally. Beginning July 1,2011, the salary of a magistrate shall be fifty-three percent of a family court judge.

22 CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.

23 ARTICLE 1. SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.

24 §51-1-10a. Salary of justices.

1 The salary of each of the justices of the Supreme Court of 2 Appeals shall be \$95,000 per year: *Provided*, That beginning July, 3 1, 2005, the salary of each of the justices of the Supreme Court 4 shall be \$121,000: *Provided*, *however*, That beginning July 1, 2011, 5 <u>the annual salary of a justice of the Supreme Court shall be</u> 6 <u>\$150,000</u>.

7 ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT JUDGES.

8 §51-2-13. Salaries of judges of circuit courts.

9 The salaries of the judges of the various circuit courts shall 10 be paid solely out of the State Treasury. No county, county 11 commission, board of commissioners or other political subdivision 12 shall supplement or add to such salaries.

13 The annual salary of all circuit judges shall be \$90,000 per 14 year: *Provided*, That beginning July 1,2005, the annual salary of 15 all circuit judges shall be \$116,000 per year: <u>Provided, however</u>, 16 <u>That beginning July 1, 2011, the annual salary of a circuit court</u> 17 <u>judge shall be ninety-two percent of the annual salary of a supreme</u> 18 <u>court justice</u>.

19 ARTICLE 2A. FAMILY COURTS.

20 §51-2A-6. Compensation and expenses of family court judges and 21 their staffs.

(a) A family court judge is entitled to receive as
23 compensation for his or her services an annual salary of \$62,500:
24 Provided, That beginning July 1, 2005, a family court judge is

1 entitled to receive as compensation for his or her services an 2 annual salary of \$82,500: <u>Provided, however, That beginning July</u> 3 <u>1, 2011, the annual salary of a family court judge shall be</u> 4 eighty-five percent of the annual salary of a circuit judge.

(b) The secretary-clerk of the family court judge is appointed 5 6 by the family court judge and serves at his or her will and 7 pleasure. The secretary-clerk of the family court judge is entitled 8 to receive an annual salary of \$27,036: Provided, That on and 9 after July 1, 2006, the annual salary of the secretary-clerk shall 10 be established by the administrative director of the Supreme Court 11 of Appeals, but may not exceed \$35,000. In addition, any person 12 employed as a secretary-clerk to a family court judge on the 13 effective date of the enactment of this section during the sixth 14 extraordinary session of the Legislature in the year 2001 who is 15 receiving an additional \$500 per year up to ten years of a certain 16 period of prior employment under the provisions of the prior 17 enactment of section eight of this article during the second 18 extraordinary session of the Legislature in the year 1999 shall 19 continue to receive such additional amount. Further, the 20 secretary-clerk will receive such percentage or proportional salary 21 increases as may be provided by general law for other public 22 employees and is entitled to receive the annual incremental salary 23 increase as provided in article five, chapter five of this code. (c) The family court judge may employ not more than one family 24

1 case coordinator who serves at his or her will and pleasure. The 2 annual salary of the family case coordinator of the family court 3 judge shall be established by the Administrative Director of the 4 Supreme Court of Appeals but may not exceed \$36,000: Provided, 5 That on and after July 1, 2006, the annual salary of the family 6 case coordinator of the family court judge may not exceed \$46,060. 7 The family case coordinator will receive such percentage or 8 proportional salary increases as may be provided by general law for 9 other public employees and is entitled to receive the annual 10 incremental salary increase as provided in article five, chapter 11 five of this code.

12 (d) The sheriff or his or her designated deputy shall serve as 13 a bailiff for a family court judge. The sheriff of each county 14 shall serve or designate persons to serve so as to assure that a 15 bailiff is available when a family court judge determines the same 16 is necessary for the orderly and efficient conduct of the business 17 of the family court.

18 (e) Disbursement of salaries for family court judges and 19 members of their staffs are made by or pursuant to the order of the 20 Director of the Administrative Office of the Supreme Court of 21 Appeals.

(f) Family court judges and members of their staffs are allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The expenses and compensation will be

1 determined and paid by the Director of the Administrative Office of 2 the Supreme Court of Appeals under such guidelines as he or she may 3 prescribe, as approved by the Supreme Court of Appeals.

4 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, family court
5 judges are not eligible to participate in the retirement system for
6 judges under the provisions of article nine of this chapter.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to increase the annual salaries of supreme court justices, circuit judges, family court judges and magistrates. This bill also provides that magistrates be compensated equally by eliminating the two-tier pay system currently utilized for paying magistrates.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.